

Name: _____

Date: _____

Vocabulary Building Worksheet – Level VI – Week 35A

credit	initiative	capitalism	capitalist	communism	communist
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DEFINITIONS: DEFINITIONS: Numbers 1 through 6 show definitions of the list words. Select the correct word that matches the definition from the two words at the end of each line and write it in the blank space provided.

1. Showing drive and motivation to accomplish something: _____ (initiative, capitalist)
2. Economic system where ownership of wealth & production is by private individuals – as in contrast to other economic systems in which ownership is held by society: _____ (credit, capitalism)
3. A person who is in favor of or supports capitalism: _____ (initiative, capitalist)
4. Arrangement for delayed payment on an item purchased: _____ (credit, capitalism)
5. An economy that is totally controlled by the government: _____ (communism, communist)
6. A person who is in favor of or supports communism: _____ (communism, communist)

DEFINITION CLUES: Choose the word that best goes with the statement or riddle. Write it in blank space provided.

7. If you needed a loan to start a business, you might go to bank to get this: _____
8. The government owns land under this type of economic system: _____
9. A person that supported a communist economic system would be this: _____
10. Inventors would be said to have this, since they work on their own to create something new: _____
11. If you can run and own your business, then you are working under this system: _____
12. A person that was a supporter of capitalism would be this: _____

FILL-IN-THE-BLANK: Read the sentence. Choose the vocabulary word that best goes in the blank space provided.

13. The **Russian Revolution** is the term for a series of revolutions in Russia in 1917 that led to the creation of the Soviet Union. After the war, **Czar Nicholas II** stepped down from the throne. For eight months there was no organized government. In 1917, **Joseph Stalin, Lenin** and **Trotsky** seized the government. Lenin promised that goods would not be taken from the poor and given to the rich. Lenin seized all private property and redistributed it based on need. This was the beginning of _____ in Russia.
14. **Karl Marx** was a German philosopher who spoke against capitalism. He published a pamphlet in 1848 called *The Communist Manifesto*. It states the problems with capitalism and conditions for transition to communism. These include – banning private ownership of land - rents from land go to public purposes – abolition of inheritance – a government operated bank that controls loans and credit – free education for all children in public schools and banning of child labor. Marx believed people should buy goods because of a need rather than to make a profit. Since Karl Marx believed in communism, he would be a _____.
15. Since Karl Marx believed that communism would provide a better life for people, he took the _____ to write the **Communist Manifesto** in hopes it would influence others.
16. Most societies have what is called a **mixed economy** that has some governmental regulation. The United States, Canada and Britain allow private ownership of land and business. People form businesses to sell goods and services because they believe people will pay for it. This is the basis of _____.
17. While **communism** relies on the government to set up businesses, **capitalism** relies on a person or small group to invest money to begin the business. Sometimes a business requires expensive equipment to operate. If this is the case, the person may apply for _____ in the form of a loan from a bank.
18. **Adam Smith** is often called the “Father of Capitalism.” His wrote the economic theories of capitalism in his 1776 work, *An Inquiry into the Nature and Causes of Wealth of Nations*. Smith would be a _____ since he believed people, rather than government, should organize the sale of goods and services.

Name: _____

Date: _____

Vocabulary Building Worksheet – Level VI – Week 35B

convict	convent	contrary	copyright	commentary	conquered
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DEFINITIONS: **DEFINITIONS:** Numbers 1 through 6 show definitions of the list words. Select the correct word that matches the definition from the two words at the end of each line and write it in the blank space provided.

1. A person found guilty of a crime or a person serving a prison sentence: _____ (convict, convent)
2. Description and comments gives about an event: _____ (contrary, commentary)
3. The building where people work who are devoted to religious life: _____ (convict, convent)
4. Having defeated and taken control of an enemy: _____ (conquered, copyright)
5. Protects published works by requiring permission to copy them: _____ (conquered, copyright)
6. Opposite in nature or character of what is being done or said: _____ (contrary, commentary)

DEFINITION CLUES: Choose the word that best goes with the statement or riddle. Write it in blank space provided.

7. When the president speaks on television, news stations usually give this after the speech: _____
8. If someone assaulted someone and was put in jail for 5 years, they would be called this: _____
9. A building where a group of nuns live, pray, and do their daily routines would be this: _____
10. Slaves were often made of _____
11. If you copy and sell movies or music you are breaking this law: _____
12. If you have an opinion that is opposite mine, then yours is this to my opinion: _____

FILL-IN-THE-BLANK: Read the sentence. Choose the vocabulary word that best goes in the blank space provided.

13. **Sumer** is the earliest known civilization in the world, beginning around 6,000 BC. It was located in southern Iraq. The women were allowed to own property, divorce a cruel husband, and own businesses. This is _____ to many other civilizations that did not give women many rights or privileges.
14. The **Maya civilization** began around 2,000 BC and continued for thousands of years until the arrival of the Spanish in the 1500's. Most scholars believed the Maya civilization reached its peak around 500-700 AD and began to decline around the 8th and 9th centuries. It extended from southern Mexico, including the **Yucatan Peninsula** and into northern Central America. The Maya's are noted for the only fully developed written language before the Europeans arrived. They were also known for their art, architecture and mathematical and astronomical systems. Although the Maya's fought hard, they were eventually _____ by the Spanish, who believed the Maya's had large amounts of gold and silver.
15. **Animal Farm** is a book written by **George Orwell** in 1945. It is about the rebellion of a group of farm animals. Each animal represents an historical figure, most from the Russian Revolution of 1917. The book shows how wickedness, indifference, ignorance, and greed destroy any possibility of a utopia. Since the book discusses many events of the Russian Revolution, it could viewed as a _____.
16. The term **patent** refers to a right granted to anyone who invents or discovers any new and useful process or machine. It is given to the inventor to prevent other people from taking his invention and selling it themselves. Besides inventing physical objects such as a gun or light bulb, people can create useful things such as a book. Rather than a patent, the writer of a book receives what is known as a _____.
17. The city of **Damascus** is the capital and largest city in the country of **Syria**. It is one of the oldest inhabited cities in the world. Its existence dates back to the 3rd millennium BC. The city is also home to one of the oldest housings for nuns in the world. This building would be a _____.
18. Criminals today are separated from society by placement into prisons. Before the 1780's, Britain would send its criminals to North America. After the 1780's, Britain sent its criminals to **penal institutions** in Australia. Living in a penal institution included forced labor and harsh conditions for the _____.

Name: _____

Date: _____

Vocabulary Building Worksheet – Level VI – Week 35C

convict	continual	conduction	contiguous	conversion	contaminated
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DEFINITIONS: DEFINITIONS: Numbers 1 through 6 show definitions of the list words. Select the correct word that matches the definition from the two words at the end of each line and write it in the blank space provided.

1. To find someone guilty of a crime in a court of law: _____ (convict, conduction)
2. Happening again and again - frequent: _____ (contaminated, continual)
3. Something that has been made dirty or become unfit for use: _____ (contaminated, continual)
4. To change one thing into something else: _____ (conversion, contiguous)
5. Ability of a substance to have sound, heat or electricity move through it: _____ (convict, conduction)
6. Sharing a boundary – very close without touching - adjacent: _____ (conversion, contiguous)

DEFINITION CLUES: Choose the word that best goes with the statement or riddle. Write it in blank space provided.

7. Since the lower 48 states in the United States share a border they can be called this: _____
8. Changing Fahrenheit into Centigrade requires a mathematical formula that makes this: _____
9. Sometimes even small levels of poisons can cause this to happen to food or water: _____
10. Materials that are able to have electricity pass through them, allow for this: _____
11. Since oxygen is always being added to the air, it is being made in this type of process: _____
12. In order for someone to spend time in jail, a court of law must do this first: _____

FILL-IN-THE-BLANK: Read the sentence. Choose the vocabulary word that best goes in the blank space provided.

13. An **electron** is a part of an atom but with a mass nearly 2000 times less than a proton. While all atoms have electrons, some atoms have more “free electrons” which can jump from one atom to the next. The elements copper and silver have many free electrons and are therefore, very good at electrical _____.
14. **Gabriel Fahrenheit** was a German physicist who invented the temperature scale called **Fahrenheit**. **Anders Celsius** was an astronomy professor who invented a different temperature measurement system called Celsius (often referred to as Centigrade). You can change a Fahrenheit temperature into a Celsius temperature by subtracting 32° from the Fahrenheit temperature and then multiplying by 5/9. Therefore, the formula $(F-32) \times 5/9 = C$ will make a _____ from Fahrenheit temperature to Celsius.
15. The United States has 48 states that share borders. Two states that do not share borders are Alaska to the north and Hawaii in the Pacific Ocean. If someone wishes to comment only on the states that do share a border, and not Alaska and Hawaii, they may use the phrase _____ United States.
16. **Oxygen** is a molecule essential for most forms of life on earth. Oxygen is made during photosynthesis in which green algae and plants use sunlight energy to split apart a water molecule, thereby releasing oxygen into the atmosphere. Fortunately for us air breathing humans, this is a _____ process.
17. For most of history, being held in a jail was not the main punishment, but rather a way to confine a criminal until **corporal punishment** (pain) or **capital punishment** (death) was administered. Later, countries would punish criminals by sending them to a different country (called **penal transportation**). Before doing this, the judge and or jury would have to _____ the person in a court of law.
18. The word “**organic**” is used to describe a method of growing food using natural materials and without the use of petroleum based **pesticides** or **fertilizers**. Contrary to this, conventional agriculture is the process of growing foods using petroleum based pesticides and fertilizers. After application of pesticides in conventional agriculture, the chemicals evaporate into the air and enter rivers and lakes after a rainstorm. Organic farmers believe their food is better for people since it does not contain pesticide residues and that it also contributes toward a less _____ planet by eliminating agricultural chemical pollution.

Name: _____

Date: _____

Vocabulary Building Worksheet – Level VI – Week 35D

consent	construct	continually	Confederacy	commitment	commodity
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DEFINITIONS: **DEFINITIONS:** Numbers 1 through 6 show definitions of the list words. Select the correct word that matches the definition from the two words at the end of each line and write it in the blank space provided.

1. To put together or build: _____ (consent, construct)
2. To agree - give approval or permission: _____ (consent, construct)
3. Pledge or guarantee of doing something: _____ (commitment, Confederacy)
4. Group of eleven southern states that left the U.S. in 1860-1861: _____ (commitment, Confederacy)
5. Products sold that are in demand and do not differ in quality: _____ (continually, commodity)
6. Something that happens often, at regular or frequent intervals: _____ (continually, commodity)

DEFINITION CLUES: Choose the word that best goes with the statement or riddle. Write it in blank space provided.

7. This is what you do to build a house, a rocket ship or build anything at all: _____
8. A person who agreed to complete a task has given his or her this to it: _____
9. Eleven states that opposed the Union in the United States Civil War from 1861-1865: _____
10. Salt, sugar, rice, and copper are just a few examples of this since they are always in demand: _____
11. You need to get this from your parents before spending the night at someone's house: _____
12. If something stops, then it is not doing it this way: _____

FILL-IN-THE-BLANK: Read the sentence. Choose the vocabulary word that best goes in the blank space provided.

13. An **economy** is the way in which people meet their needs for food, housing, transportation, entertainment, etc. It includes production, exchange, distribution and consumption of goods and services. There are different types of economies that span throughout history. A **gift economy** (or gift culture) is a society where valuable goods and services are regularly given without any commitment. In other words, people worked based on need and conscience. A **barter economy** involves trading goods or services from one person to another without the use of money. A **market economy** is based on currency (money) in which the prices of goods or services are determined by **supply and demand**. Whichever type of economy, what keeps it moving is the need for basic items that never change such as gold, silver, copper, sugar, wheat, corn and milk. Although there are many more, each of these is an example of a _____.
14. The **Nile River** played a critical role in the lives of ancient Egyptians. It deposited fertile **silt** on the plains after flooding every summer which resulted in high quality crops. It was also used as a river highway. The Egyptians became expert shipbuilders to move goods along the Nile. They began making ships from bundles of reeds and eventually used wooden planks to _____ larger and stronger boats.
15. The **human heart** is one of the most vital organs in the human body. It is pear shaped and about the size of a fist. **Cardiology** is the science that studies the heart. The heart beats _____ at a rate of about 72 beats per minute for adults, 90 beats per minute for children and up to 120 per minute for infants.
16. An **armistice** is an agreement between two enemies to stop fighting. The key aspect in an armistice is that all fighting ends with no one surrendering. While a truce (or ceasefire) is a just a temporary stop in fighting, an armistice is a _____ from both sides to stop fighting permanently.
17. Seven states declared their independence and seceded from the United States before President Lincoln came into office in 1861. Four more states seceded after the Civil War began in April 1861. The 11 states that seceded from the Union were known as the _____.
18. The minimum age for marriage is 18 in Canada, the U.S., and most of Europe. Although rarely done, the minimum age for marriage can be lowered to 16 if the parents give their _____.