

Name: _____

Date: _____

Vocabulary Building Worksheet – Level VI – Week 20A

limited	existing	exhausted	specific	secure	messiah
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DEFINITIONS: Numbers 1 through 6 show definitions of the list words. Select the correct word that matches the definition from the two words at the end of each line and write it in the blank space provided.

1. Not exposed to danger - safe: _____ (secure, limited)
2. Precise – definite - exact: _____ (messiah, specific)
3. Drained of energy - extremely tired – Also, can mean “all used up” : _____ (existing, exhausted)
4. Confined or restricted within certain limits: _____ (limited, secure)
5. In religion, this person is expected to return to bring peace to the world: _____ (messiah, secure)
6. Being alive – being real: _____ (specific, existing)

DEFINITION CLUES: Choose the word that best goes with the statement or riddle. Write it in the blank space provided.

7. This is how you would feel after running a marathon: _____
8. A resource on earth that will eventually run out, such as petroleum, is considered this: _____
9. Having a steady job that enables you to afford housing, clothes and food will make you feel this way: _____
10. You and your friends are this since you are all alive: _____
11. Various religions believe this person will come in the future to improve life on earth: _____
12. A word that means more exact and is the opposite of the word “general” is this: _____

FILL-IN-THE-BLANK: Read the sentence. Choose the vocabulary word that best goes in the blank space provided.

13. The religions of **Christianity**, **Judaism** and **Islam** all believe someone will come to earth in the future to make life better for all mankind. The **Christian** religion believes **Jesus Christ** is the Son of God and will return to earth again to lead the people. The **Islam** religion believes Jesus will also come back to earth to lead the people, however, Islam believes Jesus was one of God’s messengers and not actually God’s son. The Jewish religion of Judaism does not believe Jesus was the Son of God or will be the messiah, but does believe that there will be a future time in which the world transforms into a peaceful place. As you can see, there are strong similarities between Christianity, Islam and even Judaism. The spiritual name given to the “person” who will return to lead the earth into a “better world” is _____.
14. Christianity and Islam and other religions believe that a **messiah** is coming at some point in the future. Their religious texts state only that the messiah’s return will be when the world is facing great difficulties and near the end of time. Some believe it will be approximately 2000 years after Jesus died, however, both the Bible and Koran do not mention the _____ date that a messiah will return.
15. **Renewable resources** are things on earth that grow or are replenished and can be used by mankind over and over again. This includes such things as water, air, trees (lumber), sunlight, wind etc. Some resources, such as **petroleum**, cannot be replenished, and is therefore a _____ resource.
16. **Marsupials** are a type of mammal, characterized by a distinctive pouch in which the females carry their young. There are about 330 species of marsupials _____ around the world today.
17. Some words in the English language can have multiple meanings making them difficult to learn. For example, one word in our list can mean “extremely tired.” It can also mean “all used up” such as in the sentence – *Because pollution has contaminated most water in the area, the town quickly _____ all remaining supplies of clean water.*
18. Another word with multiple meanings on the list means “to make safe.” It can also mean “to acquire” or “get a hold of something,” such as in the sentence – *If society is going to have a quality future, it is critical that we _____ reliable sources of renewable energy as soon as possible.*

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Vocabulary Building Worksheet – Level VI – Week 20B

pre	post	equally	meteor	meteorite	meteorology
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DEFINITIONS: Numbers 1 through 6 show definitions of the list words. Select the correct word that matches the definition from the two words at the end of each line and write it in the blank space provided.

1. A prefix meaning earlier – prior to - before: _____ (post, pre)
2. Debris from space entering the atmosphere and seen as a fiery streak: _____ (meteorite, meteor)
3. Debris from space that has reached the earth’s surface: _____ (meteorite, meteor)
4. Having the same amount, measure or value as another: _____ (post, equally)
5. A prefix meaning *after* or *later*: _____ (post, pre)
6. The science that deals with the study of weather and climate: _____ (meteorite, meteorology).

DEFINITION CLUES: Choose the word that best goes with the statement or riddle. Write it in the blank space provided.

7. If a celestial rock enters and survives entry through the earth’s atmosphere, it is called this: _____
8. Parents try to treat all their children this way: _____
9. Adding this prefix to the word “dawn” would form a new word that means *before* dawn: _____
10. If space debris is large enough, it would be viewed as a large fireball in the sky and called this: _____
11. This prefix added to the word “war” would describe something *after* the war: _____
12. Someone who is a weather reporter on a news station usually has a college degree in this: _____

FILL-IN-THE-BLANK: Read the sentence. Choose the vocabulary word that best goes in the blank space provided.

13. Space rocks that enter our atmosphere and land on the ground might be fragments of comets or even small asteroids. There are 3 general categories used to classify these celestial rocks. The **siderites** (or irons), are composed entirely of metal (mostly nickel and iron). The **aerolites** (or stony meteorites), are composed of various minerals. The third type is called a **siderolite**, which is rare and composed of both metal and stone. The Chicxulub crater in Mexico is believed to be the site of a _____ impact so great that it caused the extinction of the dinosaurs some 65 million years ago.
14. **Carbon dioxide** is one of the primary pollutant gases responsible for **Global Warming**. If the amount of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere was doubled, the average temperature of Earth would rise by 4° F. Many forecasters who have studied _____ expect carbon dioxide to double by the year 2025. The world would then be warmer than at any time in the last 100,000 years.
15. A bubble is round because the air within it presses _____ against all its parts, thus causing all surfaces to be equidistant from its center.
16. **Siberia** is a vast geographical region of eastern Russia. It can be divided into zones of vegetation including the **tundra** and **tiaga**. The tundra is a treeless plain that extends along the Arctic Circle. The tiaga is a forest belt. In 1908 a large **stony asteroid**, about 100 ft (30 m) in diameter, ripped through the atmosphere in a part of Siberia known as the Tunguska Basin. The severe heat generated from the friction of the asteroid flying through the atmosphere flattened all trees and killed all wildlife in an area 30 mi (50 km) in diameter. Since the stony asteroid burned up before reaching the ground it was classified as a _____.
17. The population of the United States grew after World War II ended in 1945. Approximately 76 million babies were born between 1946 and 1964. Soldiers returning from the war entered the workforce. Women left wartime work in factories to concentrate on having children. All of this increased the birth rate. The term “**Baby Boom**” is given to the _____ war period to describe this sudden increase in births.
18. Prior to the Baby Boom, there was a time period of nearly 20 years in which families found it difficult to have children due to the financial hardships of the **Great Depression** and family separation from **World War II**. Another way to describe this period would be to say _____ World War II.

Name: _____ Date: _____

Vocabulary Building Worksheet – Level VI – Week 20C

similarities	copies	liberties	sanctuaries	mysteries	policies
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DEFINITIONS: Numbers 1 through 6 show definitions of the list words. Select the correct word that matches the definition from the two words at the end of each line and write it in the blank space provided.

1. Things that are kept secret or unexplained or unknown: _____ (similarities, mysteries)
2. Privileges, rights etc: _____ (liberties, policies)
3. Having a likeness – having things in common – resembling: _____ (similarities, policies)
4. Sacred or holy places – usually religious structures: _____ (mysteries, sanctuaries)
5. Imitations or reproductions of an original – to duplicate: _____ (copies, similarities)
6. Plans or course of action by a government or organization: _____ (sanctuaries, policies)

DEFINITION CLUES: Choose the word that best goes with the statement or riddle. Write it in the blank space provided.

7. The Bill of Rights, part of the U.S. Constitution, guarantees certain rights, or this: _____
8. Although religions differ in specific ways, they also have many of these: _____
9. Does life exist outside our solar system? This is just one example of these: _____
10. A country choosing to trade or not trade with another country is an example of its what? _____
11. Although usually linked to religious structures, also a place where animals can be safe: _____
12. Paper money is made on printing presses by making many of these: _____

FILL-IN-THE-BLANK: Read the sentence. Choose the vocabulary word that best goes in the blank space provided.

13. The **Monroe Doctrine** outlined United States foreign policy in the early 1800's. President James Monroe read the doctrine to U.S. Congress on December 2, 1823. The doctrine stated that European powers could no longer colonize or interfere with the newly independent nations of the Americas. In other words, they were to leave us alone. The Monroe Doctrine discussed not just one, but several _____, including that the United States had the right to stabilize the economic affairs of small nations in the Caribbean and Central America if they were unable to pay their international debts.
14. Approximately 100 Egyptian **pyramids** were built throughout history. The fact that they could be built using such massive stones and without machinery is still one of the greatest _____ today.
15. The **Temple of Apollo** is located in the city of Delphi in central Greece. It was considered to be a sacred structure by the Greeks. In Greek religion and mythology, **Apollo** was one of the most important Olympian gods, recognized as the god of light, sun, truth, prophecy, archery, medicine, healing, music, poetry and more. The temple was originally built around the 7th century B.C. All Greek temples were considered sacred. In fact, fugitives throughout the Mediterranean world knew the temples were _____ and that they would not be arrested or removed once inside the temple.
16. The **Bill of Rights** was added to the **United States Constitution** within two years after the Constitution became law in 1788. The Bill of Rights is made up of 10 amendments which guarantee certain rights and privileges to the people. The **First Amendment** guarantees all U.S. citizens freedom of speech (the right to express your views), freedom of the press (rights of newspapers to write what they would like), freedom of assembly (the right to gather as a group in public) and freedom of religion (the right to believe and worship whatever religion you would like). It would be fair to say that the Bill of Rights was added to specifically outline the _____ guaranteed to the American people.
17. The original handwritten U.S. Constitution is on display at the **National Archives** building in Washington, D.C. You can purchase inexpensive _____ of the document if you would like.
18. Sometime in a test you will be asked to *compare* and *contrast* two different things. While the word "*compare*" means to look for _____, the word "*contrast*" means to look for differences.

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Vocabulary Building Worksheet – Level VI – Week 20D

unavailable	unfortunate	unpopular	unconstitutional	uncover	unavoidable
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DEFINITIONS: Numbers 1 through 6 show definitions of the list words. Select the correct word that matches the definition from the two words at the end of each line and write it in the blank space provided.

1. To reveal something – to discover: _____ (unavoidable, uncover)
2. Not accessible – not able to be seen or heard: _____ (unavailable, uncover)
3. Lacking approval or acceptance - not liked: _____ (unpopular, unfortunate)
4. Impossible to stay away from – cannot be prevented: _____ (unfortunate, unavoidable)
5. Experiencing bad luck – not good: _____ (unconstitutional, unfortunate)
6. Not in agreement with principles set forth in a constitution: _____ (unconstitutional, uncover)

DEFINITION CLUES: Choose the word that best goes with the statement or riddle. Write it in the blank space.

7. A lack of education increases your chance of living in poverty and is certainly this: _____
8. Archaeologists attempt to do this with artifacts and even lost cities: _____
9. A leader choosing to make things more difficult now if it helps in the future may be this: _____
10. If someone was arrested in the U.S. for expressing their views, it could be considered this: _____
11. Although diet and lifestyle choices can slow the aging process down, growing old is still this: _____
12. Renewable resources can be around forever while limited resources will someday be this: _____

FILL-IN-THE-BLANK: Read the sentence. Choose the vocabulary word that best goes in the blank space provided.

13. Imagine a microscopic gun shooting tiny bullets hitting every cell in your body 1 million times a day. In essence, this is happening to all of us, but the bullets are actually **ultraviolet light, radiation**, something called **free radicals**, car exhaust and various chemicals. These tiny bullets would cause us to quickly become old if it wasn't for an amazing process known as **DNA Repair**. DNA repair is a process by which your cells identify and correct damage that has occurred to its various parts (called **organelles**). Although DNA Repair works hard to repair cell damage, it is not 100% perfect, and always allows some damage to remain, and therefore, aging and future health problems are _____.
14. The term **Dark Ages** refers to the same time period as the Early **Middle Ages**. It is the period generally around 500 to 1000 A.D. It was a time of frequent warfare and disappearance of urban (city) life. The era also experienced limited building activity and general "backwardness." Little is known about the Dark Ages since written accounts of the time are _____.
15. The **Maya** were a highly advanced Native American people existing in Southern Mexico and Central America. Not only did the Mayans create a complex written language, but they also exceeded the Europeans in their knowledge and mapping of the stars and planets, mathematics and architecture. They built soaring pyramids and elaborate palaces. The Maya centers of the southern lowlands declined during the 8th and 9th centuries and were abandoned soon afterward. Scientists theorize a severe 200 year drought may have led to the _____ collapse of Maya civilization.
16. The **Yucatan Peninsula**, in Southeastern Mexico, divides the **Caribbean Sea** from the **Gulf of Mexico**. It was an area inhabited by the Mayans. Mexican archaeologists recently discovered a maze of stone temples in underground caves in the Yucatan Peninsula. The archaeologists believe these caves were built by the Mayans as a portal where souls went after death. It would certainly be exciting to be an archaeologist and _____ a previously undiscovered Mayan structure.
17. The **American Civil Liberties Union (ACLU)**, is an organization that upholds the rights set forth by the U.S. Constitution. If someone is arrested, the ACLU will help if it believes their arrest is _____.
18. Leaders are often intelligent people who think for themselves. They don't copy others to make friends, but do what they think is right. This gains respect even though decisions may be _____.