

Name: _____

Date: _____

Vocabulary Building Worksheet – Level VI – Week 23A

aggressive	apparently	approximate	aside	analogy	adapt
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DEFINITIONS: Numbers 1 through 6 show definitions of the list words. Select the correct word that matches the definition from the two words at the end of each line and write it in the blank space provided.

1. Not exact, but close to being accurate:: _____ (adapt, approximate)
2. Something that seems to be correct: _____ (approximate, apparently)
3. A similarity between like features of two things, on which a comparison may be based: _____ (analogy, aside)
4. When something changes making it suitable for a different purpose: _____ (apparently, adapt)
5. Exhibiting fierce or threatening behavior: _____ (aggressive, approximate)
6. To one side, or out of the way: _____ (aside, adapt)

DEFINITION CLUES: Choose the word that best goes with the statement or riddle. Write it in the blank space provided.

7. “Hot is to cold as fire is to ice” is an example of this: _____
8. The garage is now our family room. We did this to the garage: _____
9. Lions, tigers, and bears have a reputation for this kind of behavior: _____
10. He was *obviously* guilty: _____
11. *About how much* was the guitar you wanted? Give me an estimate: _____
12. Elena pushed her brother *out of the way*: _____

FILL-IN-THE-BLANK: Read the sentence. Choose the vocabulary word that best goes in the blank space provided.

13. The alligator **snapping turtle** has an exterior shell that resembles an alligator’s hide. It is found in the southeast United States and Mississippi Valley. These interesting creatures may reach a length of 30 inches (75 cm) and weigh 200 lb (90 kg). It has a muscular, wormlike tongue that it uses as a fishing lure to catch prey. Don’t get close to a snapping turtle as they are _____ and will attack people
14. **Gorillas** are native to the lowland and mountain forests of central and western Africa near the equator. They are the largest of apes with the males reaching a height of 5 to 6 feet (150-290 cm) and a weight of about 450 lbs (200 kg). They are **vegetarians**, consuming a variety of leaves, roots, bark, vines and fruits. Their main enemies are human **poachers**. They are _____ not aggressive as they are known only to attack humans in defense of their family.
15. **World War 1** is typically abbreviated as WWI. It is known as the Great War and was a conflict primarily in Europe between Germany, France, Russia, Great Britain and Austria-Hungary. It officially began in 1914 and lasted through 1918. It is impossible to calculate the exact number of people killed in WWI but historians say 10 million would be an _____ number.
16. **Veteran’s Day** is an American holiday honoring military veterans (those who served in the military). It is celebrated as **Armistice Day** or **Remembrance Day** in other countries around the world. Major fighting of WWI formally ended at the 11th hour of the 11th day of the 11th month (November) of 1918. This is the reason why November 11th is set _____ as Veteran’s Day.
17. Your **immune system** is like a powerful army attacking viruses, bacteria, fungi and other foreign invaders. This would be an example of an _____ since it shows a similarity between two different things.
18. The **Woolly Mammoth** is an extinct animal believed to have lived up to about 10,000 years ago. They became extinct around the end of the **ice age**. Apparently, the animal was unable to _____ to the warming climate and decreasing glaciers of its habitat.

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Vocabulary Building Worksheet – Level VI – Week 23B

appendix	alliance	allergic	Magellan	dramatically	calligraphy
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DEFINITIONS: Numbers 1 through 6 show definitions of the list words. Select the correct word that matches the definition from the two words at the end of each line and write it in the blank space provided.

1. Someone who has an unusual physical reaction to something: _____ (allergic, calligraphy)
2. In a very impressive manner – a large change: _____ (alliance, dramatically)
3. A small tube near the junction of the small and large intestine: _____ (Magellan, appendix)
4. Portuguese navigator in the service of Spain who commanded an expedition that was the first to circumnavigate (circle) the world: _____ (dramatically, Magellan)
5. The art of beautiful handwriting: _____ (calligraphy, appendix)
6. An agreement to work together: _____ (alliance, allergic)

DEFINITION CLUES: Choose the word that best goes with the statement or riddle. Write it in the blank space provided.

7. If something causes you to sneeze or develop a rash, you may be this: _____
8. This organ is located in the lower right side of the abdomen and about 3 inches long: _____
9. France, Britain, United States, Poland and Russia formed this when fighting in World War II: _____
10. The student went from all C's to getting all A's in math. This word describes the change: _____
11. The first person to cross the Pacific Ocean: _____
12. This kind of writing might be chosen for a fancy wedding invitation: _____

FILL-IN-THE-BLANK: Read the sentence. Choose the vocabulary word that best goes in the blank space provided.

13. The human **digestive system** takes food and breaks it down into nutrients that your body uses for fuel. After food enters the stomach, it soon moves to the small intestine which absorbs nutrients and moves these into the blood for transport to your cells. Any other matter not absorbed by the small intestine is then passed to the large intestine for excretion. A worm-like organ about 5 inches (10 cm) in length lies near the junction of the small and large intestine. It was originally believed to not have a function, however, some scientists believe the _____ holds "good" bacteria needed for survival.
14. Ferdinand _____ was a Portuguese explorer who led the first expedition that sailed around the Earth (1519-1522). He also named the Pacific Ocean; the name means that it is a calm, peaceful ocean.
15. Some diseases in industrialized countries have increased in **incidence** since the 1950's. The word "incidence" is used to describe how many people per a set number (such as 1000) are affected. For example, the incidence of **asthma** among children went from 30 per 1000 children to 60 per 1000 from 1981 to 2002. This means that 1 or 2 children in every classroom now have asthma. Since the incidence of asthma has doubled in just 20 years you could say it has increased _____.
16. Typical **allergy** symptoms can include a runny nose, watery eyes or sneezing. Allergies are an abnormal reaction to something that usually doesn't bother most other people. People can become _____ to many things including pollen, dog hair, certain foods, animals, and even products used around us.
17. The **American Revolutionary War** was fought between Great Britain and the 13 British colonies on the North American Continent. It was the attempt by the American Colonists to gain independence from Great Britain. The war lasted from 1775 to 1783. The country of France formed an _____ with the Americans, helping them with gunpowder production and naval support.
18. The **Declaration of Independence** was the document adopted by the United States on July 4, 1776. It establishes the United States as its own nation independent from Britain. There are 56 signatures on the Declaration of Independence. Most of the signatures are quite fancy and resemble _____.

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Vocabulary Building Worksheet – Level VI – Week 23C

palace	majesty	banished	Maximilian	category	algae
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DEFINITIONS: Numbers 1 through 6 show definitions of the list words. Select the correct word that matches the definition from the two words at the end of each line and write it in the blank space provided.

1. Emperor of Mexico from 1864-1867: _____ (Maximilian, majesty)
2. Small plants without roots, stems or leaves that typically grow in water: _____ (palace, algae)
3. Supreme greatness – regal – person of royalty: _____ (banished, majesty)
4. To send someone away and ordered never to return: _____ (algae, banished)
5. A large, grand residence for a king, queen, or other ruler: _____ (palace, Maximilian)
6. A class or group of things that has something in common: _____ (majesty, category)

DEFINITION CLUES: Choose the word that best goes with the statement or riddle. Write it in the blank space provided.

7. These one celled plants will grow rapidly in rivers if nutrients such as nitrates are high: _____
8. This word was often used to address royalty such as kings and queens: _____
9. Some governments have done this to people they do not want on their soil: _____
10. In Central Mexico, beautiful structures such as this were built by Aztec Emperors: _____
11. This man is known as one Mexico's most unsuccessful rulers: _____
12. If you play "Jeopardy," the first thing you'll have to do is choose this: _____

FILL-IN-THE-BLANK: Read the sentence. Choose the vocabulary word that best goes in the blank space provided.

13. **Napoleon Bonaparte** was a French political and military leader with great influence on European history. He was a general during the French Revolution in the late 1700's and early 1800's. At one point he had conquered all European countries except for England. He couldn't beat England militarily due to their superior navy, so he imposed a massive boycott of English goods, thereby preventing the goods from reaching other countries. This also hurt the people of his empire since they relied on these goods. This caused revolts in Spain and then other countries. All of this ended with Napoleon's defeat in the battle of Waterloo in 1815. He was then _____ from Europe and sent to live on the island of St. Helena.
14. The **Palazzo Madama** is a magnificent building in Rome, Italy. It is currently used by the Senate of the Italian Republic. The building was completed in 1505 for the **Medici** family, who produced three popes, two queens of France and several cardinals of the Roman Catholic Church. Prior to the Palazzo Madama being used as the senate building, it was a _____ for the Medici family.
15. **Benito Juárez** is often regarded as Mexico's greatest and most beloved leaders. He is known for his efforts in resisting the French occupation and restoring the Republic. The French army invaded Mexico in 1862 after Juárez suspended interest payments of debts owed to France, Britain and Spain. In a negotiation with Napoleon III and Mexican conservatives, a man named Ferdinand _____ was appointed emperor of Mexico. After French troops withdrew from Mexico in 1866, the emperor was executed.
16. Around 1519, King Henry VIII (8th) decided that a specific word would be used for description of the sovereign of England (sovereign is defined as a king or queen). The word he selected is _____.
17. **Nitrogen** is a fertilizer ingredient used to make lawns green and help grow food crops. Unfortunately, it can also cause murky water and low oxygen in rivers, resulting in massive fish kills in rivers. Why does this happen? After a rainstorm, water **soluble nitrogen** washes into rivers, causing a single celled plant called _____ to grow at a rapid rate. If a few cloudy days occur, photosynthesis stops and the algae begin dying. The algae then decay, using up water oxygen, resulting in dead fish.
18. **Invertebrates** are animals without a backbone. 98 of every 100 animal species fall into this _____.

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Vocabulary Building Worksheet – Level VI – Week 23D

cocoon	Columbus	propose	production	procedure	molasses
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DEFINITIONS: Numbers 1 through 6 show definitions of the list words. Select the correct word that matches the definition from the two words at the end of each line and write it in the blank space provided.

1. A thick dark colored syrup produced during the making of sugar: _____ (molasses, cocoon)
2. The act of making something, as in a factory: _____ (procedure, production)
3. How something is done – how it is accomplished: _____ (propose, procedure)
4. An Italian explorer who brought awareness of the American continents: _____ (Columbus, cocoon)
5. A covering made by caterpillars and other insect larvae: _____ (cocoon, molasses)
6. To offer or suggest an idea for consideration by others: _____ (procedure, propose)

DEFINITION CLUES: Choose the word that best goes with the statement or riddle. Write it in the blank space provided.

7. Before a caterpillar can be transformed into a butterfly, it must first spin this around itself: _____
8. If you have a good idea, you need to do this with it so others can consider it: _____
9. This explorer's first voyage from Spain in 1492 resulted in landing in the Americas: _____
10. Sugarcane is the primary source for this sugary product: _____
11. To make molasses from sugar, you need to know the sequential steps called this: _____
12. To make large quantities of any product, you need to set up things to go into this: _____

FILL-IN-THE-BLANK: Read the sentence. Choose the vocabulary word that best goes in the blank space provided.

13. In the 1400's, Spain valued goods such as silk and spices which it received by trading with China and India. India and China were between 6,000 and 10,000 miles away from Spain so land travel was difficult. Two brothers believed they could sail west and get to India faster. Their belief was based on an incorrect estimation that the circumference of the earth was much smaller than it actually was. **Queen Isabella** and **King Ferdinand** finally gave the brothers financial assistance to attempt their voyage. On August 3, 1492, three sailing ships, the **Pinta**, the **Niña**, and the **Santa Maria** set sail from Spain in search of a faster route to India. After two months they landed on an island in the Bahamas. This voyage is known as the first to discover North America. The captain in charge of this expedition was Christopher _____.
14. Before **Christopher Columbus** could set sail in his adventure, he had to convince those with financial resources that his idea of a faster western sea route to India and China was possible. Other eastern voyages had been able to reach India and China by going around South Africa and then east (although these were very long voyages). In 1485, Columbus presented his plans to John II, King of Portugal, but the King denied his request. Columbus then went to Spain to _____ his idea to **Queen Isabella** and **King Ferdinand**. After first denying his request, King Ferdinand then decided to fund the expedition.
15. The term "**triangular trade**" is used to describe trading between three locations. In the 18th century there was a triangular trade between West Africa, the West Indies (Caribbean) and Europe. The first part of the triangle started in Europe, where ships were loaded with copper, cloth, guns and ammunition and sent to Africa. Upon arrival, the goods were traded for **African slaves**. The ship would then take the slaves to the New World (North America) where they were traded for sugar, rum (an alcoholic beverage) and the dark sugar product _____. These goods were then put on the ship and sailed back to Europe.
16. **Molasses** is a sweet brownish liquid used in cooking, candy and making rum. It is the thick liquid residue remaining after the _____ of white sugar.
17. White **sugar** is called **sucrose** and made from sugarcane or beet juice. Although there are more steps involved, it is a relatively easy _____ which involves boiling the juice to form crystals.
18. Insects that are entering the **pupa stage** for **metamorphosis** will first spin a _____.